Grade 9 UPTONE After Prep

Theme 5 Life in the Neighbourhood City and Social Life

Test 1

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Choose the best answer for each question.

1. Roads, transport links and water networks are examples of urban _____.
   A) heritage B) infrastructure C) occupation
2. Repairing an older building while keeping its important features is _____.
   A) restoration B) demolition C) isolation
3. A lively neighbourhood with many activities can be described as _____.
   A) vibrant B) abandoned C) invisible
4. A: The proposed park looks attractive, but how will people reach it?
   B: _____.
   A) We should examine the walking and transport links too.
   B) Trees are always green in summer.
   C) The drawing already uses several colours.
5. The council has approved the budget. It _____ improve the cycle route next spring.
   A) is going to B) going to C) are going to
6. A: These boxes are too heavy for me.
   B: I _____ help you carry them.
   A) am B) have C) will
7. I think the new library _____ become an important meeting place.
   A) does B) has C) will
8. _____ the roadworks, the shops stayed open throughout the week.
   A) Although B) Even though C) Despite
9. The centre was popular _____ it had very little advertising.
   A) despite B) although C) in spite of
10. The village has limited transport, _____ the city offers frequent bus services.
    A) because B) whereas C) until

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11. We will keep the temporary entrance open _____ the repairs are complete.
    A) until B) despite C) whereas

12. The street was closed, _____ we followed a different route.
    A) whereas B) although C) so

13. You can borrow the meeting room as long as you _____ it tidy afterwards.
    A) will leave B) leave C) leaving

14. A: Will the new benches make the square useful for everyone?
    B: _____.
    A) They may help, but we should also ask different users what they need.
    B) Yes, one design automatically suits every visitor.
    C) Only the colour of the benches matters.

15. Which sentence expresses an unplanned decision made at the moment of speaking?
    A) We have already booked the community room.
    B) The council is going to start its approved project.
    C) I'll ask the driver which stop we need.

Read the text and answer questions 16 to 20.

A SQUARE THAT WORKS IN REAL LIFE

The first design for a neighbourhood square included a large open area and attractive paving. At a public meeting, residents praised its appearance but raised practical concerns. Older visitors wanted places to rest, parents asked about shade, and wheelchair users pointed out a steep approach. Shopkeepers also needed delivery access at certain times. The design team revised the plan rather than treating these comments as resistance to change. Benches and trees were added, the approach was adjusted and delivery hours were agreed. The completed square looked slightly different from the original drawing. Yet more people were able to use it comfortably. The project showed that listening during planning can reveal needs that are not obvious in a visually impressive proposal.

16. What did residents do at the meeting?
    A) Demanded that every improvement be cancelled
    B) Appreciated the design but identified practical needs
    C) Asked the team to remove all access routes

17. Why was delivery access discussed?
    A) Visitors wanted to park in the centre all day.
    B) The square had no surrounding shops.
    C) Local businesses needed access at particular times.

18. How did the design team respond to the comments?
    A) Dismissed them as opposition to any change
    B) Used them to revise the proposal
    C) Asked residents to stop attending meetings

19. What was the result of the changes?
    A) A wider range of people could use the square.
    B) The square could only be used for deliveries.
    C) The original drawing was followed without alteration.

20. Which conclusion is best supported?
    A) Public consultation only delays useful projects.
    B) An attractive design also needs to work for its users.
    C) The best plan is always the first plan.